

MATLAB® for Python® Users

The MATLAB language is designed primarily for math-intensive scientific computing. MATLAB combines a desktop environment tuned for iterative analysis with a programming language that expresses matrix and array mathematics directly. Understanding the philosophy and API design can help while learning MATLAB.

<u>» General Behavior</u>			
Python Syntax	MATLAB Syntax	Purpose	MATLAB Examples
#	%	Comment	%hello
print	Do not terminate with;	Print output	ж
/	•••	Continue to next line	x = 1+2;
os	!	Operating system command	! echo hi
+ - * /	+ - * /	Mathematical operators	x = 1+2
**	^	Exponent	x = y^2
* / **	.* ./ .^	Element-wise operators	x = [1 2].* [3 4]
not, and, or	~ &	NOT, AND, OR logical operators	if x<2 & x>2
del	clear	Clear variable from memory	clear x y
clear	clc	Clear command window	clc

» Referencing				
MATLAB Syntax	Purpose	Example		
()	Index (copy-on-write)	x(1,1)		
[]	Create array	x = [1 2 3]		
	Join arrays	z = [x ; y]		
{}	Create cell arrays	x = {42; "hello world"}		
	Extract contents from a container	x{1,1}		
	Access class proper- ty or method	obj.Data		
	Reference table or struct field	t.FieldName		

- Beginning element has an index of 1.
 - Indexing is left and right inclusive.
- Indexing options include N-D indexing (row,col), linear indexing (element number), and logical indexing (conditional al statement).

	» Functions	
Creating functions	You can declare functions within a function file. Input arguments are captured in parentheses. Multiple outputs are captured with square brackets.	<pre>function z = foo(x,y) end function [a,b] = foo(x,y) end</pre>
Calling functions with input arguments and name-value pairs		y = foo(x,y,"Name",Value)

<u>» Data Types</u>		
Similar data types:		
Python	MATLAB	
float	double, single	
complex	complex single, complex double	
int	(u)int8, (u)int16, (u)int32, (u)int64	
float(nan)	NaN	
float(inf)	inf	
str	str, char	
bool	logical	
dict	struct	
list, tuple	cell	
pandas.dataframe	table	

MATLAB defaults to store all numeric values as double-precision floating-point
numbers. Python stores some numbers as integers and others as floating-point
numbers. In MATLAB, for $x=4$ and $y=4.0$, x is always equal to y .

<u>»</u>	Control Flow
Statement	Example
for	for i = 1:10
	end
if	if x<3
	 elseif x == 2
	else
	end
while	while x<3
	end
switch-case	switch switch arg
	 case case arg
	end
try-catch	try
	catch
	end

<u>» Objects</u>			
Define a class classdef MyClass properties MyProp end methods function obj = MyClass(val) end	Use a class • Save the class definition with the same name as the class MyClass.m • Create an object of the class • Access the properties • Access the properties • Access the properties • Call methods to perform operations		
<pre>function y = MyMethod(obj,x) end end end</pre>	 b = MyMethod(a,val) To pass-by-reference, create a "handle" class classdef myclass < handle end 		